# **Reduction of Cu<sup>2+</sup> ions** by Zinc

# -short-circuited DANIELL Element

# Equipment:

high form glass beaker (250 mL) glass beaker (100 mL) glass rod demonstration thermometer (0 bis 100°C) ring stand, bosshead, extension clamp

#### **Chemicals:**

saturated copper sulfate solution (i.e. about 260 g of CuSO<sub>4</sub> 5H<sub>2</sub>O in 740 mL Wasser) zinc cuttings

# Safety:

copper(II) sulfate pentahydrate (CuSO<sub>4</sub> 5H<sub>2</sub>O):



H302, H315, H319, H410 P273, P305 + P351 + P338, P302 + P352





It is required to wear safety glasses and protective gloves; if possible, the experiment should be carried out in a fume hood.

#### **Procedure:**

Preparation: 250 mL of copper sulfate solution is placed in the high form beaker. The demonstration thermometer is fixed with the clamp in such a way that it dips well into the solution. 18 g of zinc chips are provided in the small beaker. The chips should be shorter than 1 cm so that the mixture can be stirred more easily; chips that are too long should therefore be cut into smaller pieces.

Procedure: The zinc chips are poured into the copper sulfate solution and the mixture is then stirred vigorously.

#### **Observation:**

The zinc chips immediately turn black and form a precipitate, which becomes rapidly more dense. The precipitate slowly turns copper brown. Within 3 minutes, the temperature rises above 60 ° C and the solution "fumes" slightly. The solution initially blue in color becomes green, brown and finally colorless.



# Explanation:

If zinc chips are added to the solution containing Cu(II), according to the conversion formula

$$Cu^{2+}|w + Zn|s \rightarrow Cu|s + Zn^{2+}|w$$

 $Cu^{2+}$  will be reduced to Cu, while Zn will be oxidized to  $Zn^{2+}$ , because according to the levels of the electron potentials [ $\mu_e^{\oplus}(Zn/Zn^{2+}) = +65.5 \text{ kG} > \mu_e^{\oplus}(Cu/Cu^{2+}) = -174 \text{ kG}$ ] the redox pair Zn/Zn<sup>2+</sup> is more strongly reducing than the redox pair Cu/Cu<sup>2+</sup>.

#### Disposal:

The solution is poured in a special jar for heavy metal waste disposal.